

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Hioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc.

There has been presented to the

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW: THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY FARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC STENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE SET TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE PURPOSES, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT SEED BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

CORN, FIELD

'PHCA5'

In Testimonn Marcest, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Plant Bariety Protection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this twenty-third day of November, in the year two thousand and seven.

Berzu

Commissioner Plant Variety Protection Office Agricultural Marketing Service

A F Joof Sgriculture

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and	i date on all repro	ductions				Form Approved - OMB No. 0581-0055
	ENT OF AGRICULT			he following statements are made in the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA)		ce with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY -	PLANT VARIETY P ARIETY PROTECT	ROTECTION OFFICE ION CERTIFICATE	A	oplication is required in order to dete	rmine if a	plant variety protection certificate is to be issued until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426).
(Instructions and information of NAME OF OWNER	ollection burden sta	ternent on reverse)	2.	TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR	3, VA	RIETY NAME
Pioneer Hi-Bred	d Internatio	onal, Inc.		EXPERIMENTAL NAME		PHGA5
ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City	, State, and ZIP Co	ode, and Country)	5.	TELEPHONE (include area code)		FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
7301 NW Johnston,	62 nd Avenւ IA 50131-0	- 1	6.	515/270-4051 FAX (include area code)	- 6	NUMBER 2 0 0 5 0 0 2 2 4 GDATE
IF THE OWNER NAMED IS NOT A "PERSON" ORGANIZATION (corporation, partnership, asso		8. IF INCORPORATED, GIVE STATE OF INCORPORATION IOWA	9.	515/253-2125 Date of incorporation March 5, 1999	_	April 25, 2005
0. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER REPRES	Steven earch and P P.O	R. Anderson Product Development Box 85 , IA 50131-0085		n listed will receive all papers)	FEES RECEIVE	s 3652.00 DATE 4/25/05 CERTIFICATION FEE: \$ 768.00 DATE 10/15/07
TELEPHONE (Include area code)	12. FAX (Includ	le area code)		13. E-MAIL	D	
515/270-4051		515/253-2125			en.an	derson@pioneer.com
4. CROP KIND (Common Name)	16. FAMILY NA			18. DOES THE VARIETY CONT.	AIN ANY î	RANSGENES? (OPTIONAL)
5. GENUS AND SPECIES NAME OF CROP Zea Mays	17. IS THE VAR	Gramineae RIETY A FIRST GENERATION HYBR ⊠ NO	RID?			D USDA-APHIS REFERENCE NUMBER FOR THE ATE THE GENETICALLY MODIFIED PLANT FOR
9. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX FOR EACH ATT (Follow instructions on reverse) a. ☑ Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History o b. ☑ Exhibit B. Statement of Distinctness c. ☑ Exhibit C. Objective Description of Varie d. □ Exhibit D. Additional Description of the v e. ☑ Exhibit E. Statement of the Basis of the f. ☑ Youcher Sample (2,500 viable untreated verification that tissue culture will be deprepository) g. ☑ Filling and Examination Fee (\$3,652), ma States" (Mail to the Plant Variety Protections)	the Variety (ariety (Optional) Owner's Ownership seeds or, for tuber osiled and maintain de payable to 'Trea	propagated varieties, ed in an approved public		OF CERTIFIED SEED? (See	e Section 6 items 21 if thems	NDATION REGISTERED CERTIFIED EED OF THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO etc. FOR EACH CLASS.
				The second secon	EGISTERI	ED LL CERTIFIED olease use the space indicated on the reverse.)
3. HAS THE VARIETY (INCLUDING ANY HARVE FROM THIS VARIETY BEEN SOLD, DISPOSE OTHER COUNTRIES? YES NO IF YES, YOU MUST PROVIDE THE DATE OF FOR EACH COUNTRY AND THE CIRCUMSTA	D OF, TRANSFERI	RED, OR USED IN THE U.S. OR		24. IS THE VARIETY OR ANY CONTROL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ☐ YES ☑ NO	OMPONEI RIGHT (F	NT OF THE VARIETY PROTECTED BY PLANT BREEDER'S RIGHT OR PATENT)? TE OF FILING OR ISSUANCE AND ASSIGNED
5. The owners declare that a viable sample of ba	sic seed of the varie	ety has been furnished with application		will be replenished upon request in		ce with such regulations as may be applicable, or
entitled to protection under the provisions of Se	this sexually reproc ction 42 of the Plar	duced or tuber propagated plant varient National Variety Protection Act.	ety, and	•	listinct, un	form, and stable as required in Section 42, and is
Owner(s) is (are) informed that false representa GNATURE OF OWNER	aon nerein can jeo			FURE OF OWNER -		
OWNER			oiGNA?	fure of owner Stee	- //	M. Mircon
AME (Please print or type)			NAME ((Please print or type)		V U - E VV
•				Stev	en R.	Anderson
APACITY OR TITLE	DATE			esearch Scientist	DATE L	1-20-2005
to the state of th				(See reverse for instruction	s and infor	nation collection burden statement)

NSTRUCTIONS

200500224

3ENERAL: To be effectively filed with the Plant Variety Protection Office (PVPO), **ALL** of the following items must be **received** in the PVPO: (1) Completed application form signed by the owner; (2) completed exhibits A, B, C, E; (3) for a seed reproduced variety at least 2,500 viable untreated seeds, for a hybrid variety at least 2,500 untreated seeds of each line necessary to **reproduce** the variety, or for tuber reproduced varieties verification that a viable (in the sense that will reproduce an entire plant) tissue culture will be deposited and maintained in an approved public repository; (4) check drawn on a U.S. bank for \$3,652 (\$432 illing fee and \$3,220 examination fee), payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (See Section 97.6 of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.) Partial applications will be held in the PVPO for not more than 90 days, then returned to the applicant as unfiled. Mail application and other requirements to Plant Variety Protection Office, AMS, USDA, Room 401, NAL Building, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705-2351. Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the application are self explanatory unless noted below. Corrections on the application form and exhibits must be initialed and dated. **DO NOT** use masking materials o make corrections. If a certificate is allowed, you will be requested to send a check payable to "Treasurer of the United States" in the amount of \$432 for issuanc of the certificate. Certificates will be issued to owner, not licensee or agent.

Plant Variety Protection Office Telephone: (301) 504-5518 FAX: (301) 504-5291

Homepage: http://www.ams.usda.gov/science/pvpo/pvpindex.htm

Fo avoid conflict with other variety names in use, the applicant must check the appropriate recognized authority and provide evidence that name has been cleared by the appropriate recognized authority before the Certificate of Protection is issued. For example, for agricultural and vegetable crops, contact: Seed Branch, AMS, USDA, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Suite 401 NAL Building, Beltsville, MD 20705. Telephone: (301) 504-5682 http://www.ams.usda.gov/lsg/seed.htm.

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19a.Give:

(1) the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method;

(2) the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication;

(3) evidence of uniformity and stability; and

(4) the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified

19b. Give a summary of the variety's distinctness. Clearly state how this application variety may be distinguished from all other varieties in the same crop. If the new variety is most similar to one variety or a group of related varieties:

(1) identify these varieties and state all differences objectively;

(2) attach statistical data for characters expressed numerically and demonstrate that these are clear differences; and

(3) submit, if helpful, seed and plant specimens or photographs (prints) of seed and plant comparisons which clearly indicate distinctness.

19c. Exhibit C forms are available from the PVPO Office for most crops; specify crop kind. Fill in Exhibit C (Objective Description of Variety) form as completely as possible to describe your variety.

19d.Optional additional characteristics and/or photographs. Describe any additional characteristics that cannot be accurately conveyed in Exhibit C. Use comparative varieties as is necessary to reveal more accurately the characteristics that are difficult to describe, such as plant habit, plant color, disease resistance, etc.

19e. Section 52(5) of the Act requires applicants to furnish a statement of the basis of the applicant's ownership. An Exhibit E form is available from the PVPO.

- 20. If "Yes" is specified (seed of this variety be sold by variety name only, as a class of certified seed), the applicant MAY NOT reverse this affirmative decision after the variety has been sold and so labeled, the decision published, or the certificate issued. However, if "No" has been specified, the applicant may change the choice. (See Regulations and Rules of Practice, Section 97.103).
- 23. See Sections 41, 42, and 43 of the Act and Section 97.5 of the regulations for eligibility requirements.
- 24. See Section 55 of the Act for instructions on claiming the benefit of an earlier filing date.
- 22. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide a statement as to the limitation and sequence of generations that may be certified.)
- 23. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide the date of first sale, disposition, transfer, or use for each country and the circumstances, if the variety including any harvested material) or a hybrid produced from this variety has been sold, disposed of, transferred, or used in the U.S. or other countries.)

United States, Nov. 1, 2004; Canada, Nov. 1, 2004

24. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please give the country, date of filing or issuance, and assigned reference number, if the variety or any component of the variety is protected by intellectual property right (Plant Breeder's Right or Patent).)

NOTES: It is the responsibility of the applicant/owner to keep the PVPO informed of any changes of address or change of ownership or assignment or owner's representative during the life of the application/certificate. The fees for filing a change of address; owner's representative; ownership or assignment; or any nodification of owner's name is specified in Section 97.175 of the regulations. (See Section 101 of the Act, and Sections 97.130, 97.131, 97.175(h) of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.)

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The alid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1.4 hours per response, including the time for reviewing astructions, searching existing date sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

he U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, marital or family status, principal beliefs, parental status, or protected genetic information. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information araille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and TDD).

o file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call 202-720-5964 (voice and TDD) SDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

T-470 (04-03) designed by the Plant Variety Protection Office using Word 2002.

Exhibit A: Developmental history for PHCA5

Pedigree: PH5WB/PH2VK)X8K443112X

Pioneer Line PHCA5, Zea mays L., a yellow endosperm, corn, inbred, with hard texture kernel characteristics was developed by Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. from the single cross hybrid PH5WB (PVP certificate Number 200100254) X PH2VK (PVP certificate Number 9900363) using the pedigree method of plant breeding. Varieties PH5WB and PH2VK are proprietary inbred lines of Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. Selfing was practiced from the above hybrid for 9 generations using pedigree selection. During line development, crosses were made to inbred testers for the purpose of estimating the line's combining ability. Yield trials were grown at Windfall, Indiana as well as other Pioneer research locations. After initial testing, additional hybrid combinations have been evaluated and subsequent generations of the line have been grown and hand-pollinated with observations again made for uniformity.

Variety PHCA5 has shown uniformity and stability for all traits as described in Exhibit C - "Objective Description of Variety". It has been self-pollinated and ear-rowed 7 generations with careful attention paid to selection criteria and uniformity of plant type to assure genetic homozygousity and phenotypic stability. The line has been increased both by hand and in isolated fields with continued observations for uniformity and stability, and for 4 generations during the final stages of inbred development and seed multiplication. Very high standards for genetic purity have been established morphologically using field observations and using sound lab electrophoresis methodology.

No variant traits have been observed or are expected in PHCA5.

The criteria used in the selection of PHCA5 were yield, both per se and in hybrid combinations. Late season plant health and late season root lodging, grain quality, stalk lodging resistance, and kernel size are especially important in production, and were also important criteria considered during selection. Other selection criteria include: stalk strength, anthracnose stalk rot resistance, southern leaf blight resistance, good early season growth, insect resistance, pollen yield and tassel size.

Exhibit A: Developmental history for PHCA5

Pedigree Grown Season/Year	Inbreeding Level of Pedigree Grown
PH5WB	F0
PH2VK	F0
PH5WB/PH2VK	F1
Winter 1997	
PH5WB/PH2VK)X	F2
Summer 1998	
PH5WB/PH2VK)X8	F3
Winter 1999	·
PH5WB/PH2VK)X8K4	F4
Summer 2000	
PH5WB/PH2VK)X8K44	F5
Winter 2000	
PH5WB/PH2VK)X8K443	F6
Summer 2001	
PH5WB/PH2VK)X8K4431	F7
Winter 2001	
PH5WB/PH2VK)X8K44311	F8
Summer 2002	
PH5WB/PH2VK)X8K443112	F9
Winter 2002	
PH5WB/PH2VK)X8K443112X	F10
	(Seed)

^{*}PHCA5 was selfed and ear-rowed from F3 through F9 generation.
#Uniformity and stability were established from F7 through F9 generation and beyond when seed supplies were increased.

Exhibit B: Novelty Statement

Variety PHCA5 mostly resembles Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. proprietary inbred line PH5WB (PVP Certificate No. 200100254). Table 1a shows two sample t-tests on data collected in the area of adaptation for PHCA5 and PH5WB. The traits collectively show clear differences between the two varieties.

Exhibit B: Novelty Statement

Variety PHCA5 has a lower GIBERS score (5.3 vs 8.5) than variety PH5WB (Table 1a).

Variety PHCA5 has a greater SLFBLT score (7 vs 5) than variety PH5WB (Table 1a).

Definitions:

GIBERS = GIBBERELLA EAR ROT (PINK MOLD) (*Gibberella zeae*). A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Gibberella Ear Rot. A higher score indicates a higher resistance. Data are collected only when sufficient selection pressure exists in the experiment measured.

SLFBLT = SOUTHERN LEAF BLIGHT (*Helminthosporium maydis* or *Bipolaris maydis*). A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Southern Leaf Blight. A higher score indicates a higher resistance. Data are collected only when sufficient selection pressure exists in the experiment measured.

Exhibit B: Novelty Statement Table(s)

Table 1a: Data from the area of adaptation for PHCA5 and PH5WB presented by trait, across years, and broken out by year. Data are supporting evidence for differences between PHCA5 and PH5WB. Each year varieties were grown in different locations that had different environmental conditions. A two-sample t-test was used to compare differences between means.

GIBERS	score	ABS	SD2			0	SLFBLT	score	ABS	SD2			0
GIBERS						1.1	SLFBLT	score	ABS	SD1			0
GIBERS				4	-2.5	-3.3	SLFBLT	score	ABS	Diff	2	2	2
GIBERS	score	ABS	#Locs	_	~	2			ABS		_	_	2
GIBERS						8.5	SLFBLT	score	ABS	Mean2	ťΩ	ß	5
GIBERS	score	ABS	Mean1	4.5	9	5.3	SLFBLT	score	ABS	Mean1	2	7	7
		EXPT_YEAR		2005					EXPT_YEAR		2004	2005	
	ЭH	Name2		PH5WB	PH5WB	PH5WB		ВE	Name2		PH5WB	PH5WB	PH5WB
	GE	Name1		PHCA5	PHCA5	PHCA5	Ş	Щ U	Name1		PHCA5	PHCA5	PHCA5

Based on previous discussions with the PVP office the traits longitudinal creases and marginal leaf waves were not collected. These traits have low distinguishing power and are variable due to daily fluctuations in water status of the plants. Therefore, we eliminated them from our process based on previous feedback from the PVP office. For insect or disease traits we included data from disease pressure locations only if they were available and paired with the public check. Most often diseases and insect trials are conducted on hybrids since that is the product ultimately sold. In addition, creating consistent disease pressure and infestation levels is costly and difficult.

In cases where less than 15 observations are presented the trait was collected at the plot level as it always has been done in the past. This means many more plants were visually evaluated according to the procedure outlined below, and then a score of the "population" of the plants was recorded for each location.

The experimental design and methods for 2004 were as follows:

The experiment procedures involved three environments with different planting dates per year, planted in 17.42 ft. rows with 2 rows for each variety. Approximately 24-30 plants emerged in each of 2 rows for a total of around 48 to 60 plants being evaluated at each location and 144 to 180 plants across locations. For plant level traits, we sampled 5 representative plants from the 2 rows of the 2 row plot (group) of plants at each location. For plot level traits we evaluated the 2 row plot (group) and gave a representative score or average on the 48-60 plants in the group within an experiment.

Some traits can be especially variable under different environmental factors influenced by weather, soil type, or planting dates. Varying temperatures or day length could impact the meristem growth during various tissue differentiation stages. The meristem differentiation of the ear and other tissues could be impacted as well as the success of pollination during flowering and frequency of kernel abortion during grain fill.

We have included weather data in the table that follows.

		010						ĺ
Month	S C S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	ING DEGR	GROWING DEGREE UNITS (GDU'S)	GDC(s)	2	RECIPITAT	PRECIPITATION (inches)	(5)
	20	2003	20	2004	20	2003	20	2004
	D. Center	Johnston	D. Center	Johnston	D. Center	Johnston	D Cent	Johnston
May	375	380	548	527	5.7	5.43	7 19	
June	909	604	609	610	1.92	4 23	1 97	3 30
July	628	782	723	736	0.18	3.4	56.6	7 57
August	795	786	612	615	0.44	0.51	1 05	4 OF
September	456	468	298	260	2.19	2.52	138	1 24
TOTAL	2860	3020	3090	3048	10.43	16.09	14.78	24.87

Calculate GDU's

Growing Degree Units use following formula: GDU = ((T1+T2)/2)-50

Where T1 = minimum temperature for a given day with 50 degrees Fahrenheit as the minimum temperature used and 86 degrees Fahrenheit is the maximum temperature used. Where T2 = maximum temperature for a given day with 86 degrees Fahrenheit as the maximum temperature used. GDU"s are calculated each day and accumulated (summed) over certain number of days.

United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Marketing Service Science and Technology, Plant Variety Protection Office National Agricultural Library Building, Room 400 Beltsville, MD 20705-2351

OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY CORN (Zea mays L.)

Name of Applicant(s) Pioneer Hi-Bred Inter	national, Inc	l Variety Seed	Source	I Variety Name I PHCA5	e or Temporary De	esignation
	or R.F.D. No., City, State, 2 e, P.O. Box 85, Johnston,		l FOR OFFIC	CIAL USE	PVPO Nur 2005 ()	mber 0224
adding leading zeroes i	number that describes the vi if necessary. Completeness for an adequate variety desc	should be striven for to	establish an adequate	the spaces below. F variety description. T	Right justify whole in raits designated by	numbers by y a "*" are
COLOR CHOICES (Us 01. Light Green 02. Medium Green 03. Dark Green 04. Very Dark Green 05. Green-Yellow	e in conjunction with Munse 06. Pale Yellow 07. Yellow 08. Yellow-Orange 09. Salmon 10. Pink-Orange	Il color code to describe 11. Pink 12. Light Red 13. Cherry Red 14. Red 15. Red & White	e all color choices; descr 16. Pale Purple 17. Purple 18. Colorless 19. White 20. White Capped	ribe #25 and #26 in 0 21. Buff 22. Tan 23. Brown 24. Bronze 25. Variegated	26. Other (D	
Yellow Dent Families: Family Mo B14 CI B37 B3 B73 N1 C103 Mo Oh43 A6	CHOICES [Use the most sin embers M105, A632, B64, B68 37, B76, H84 192, A679, B73, Nc268 o17, Va102, Va35, A682 519, MS71, H99, Va26 64A, A554, A654, Pa91	nilar (in background and Yellow Dent (Unrelated Co109, ND246 Oh7, T232 W117, W153R W182BN White Dent: Cl66, H105, Ky	()	Sweet Corn: C13, Iow Popcorn: SG15 Pipecorn:	sed on grow-out tri va5125, P39, 2132 33, 4722, HP301, I Mo16W, Mo24W	
1. TYPE: (describe int	ermediate types in "Comme 2=Dent, 3=Flint, 4=Flour, 5=	ents" section)		I Standard Inl I <u>2</u> Type		373
	DEVELOPED IN THE U.S.A , 2=N.Central, 3=N.East, 4=		S.West, 7=Other	I Standard Se I Region	ed Source F	PI 550473
	ion Best Adaptability; show EAT UNITS 1,359.0 From emergence 1,368.7 From emergence 40 From 10% to 90% From 50% silk to From 50% silk to	to 50% of plants in silk to 50% of plants in polle	en	DA\	<u>65</u> <u>1.</u> 3	NITS 382.5 366.8 49
75.4 cm Ear He 14.6 cm Length 0.0 Average N 1.0 Average N	leight (to tassel tip) ight (to base of top ear node of Top Ear Internode umber of Tillers umber of Ears per Stalk in of Brace Roots: 1=Absen	e)	9.29 2.30 0.03 0.11	30 238.2 30 98.7 30 15.5 6 0.0 6 1.0	2 19.92 1 16.92 5 1.68 0 0.02	Sample Size 30 30 30 6 6
Application Variety Dat	ta	······································	Page 1	I Standard In	ored Data	

Application Variety Data	Page 2	(s	Standard Inbred Dat	3	
5. LEAF 9.9 cm Width of Ear Node Leaf 85.7 cm Length of Ear Node Leaf	St.Dev. <u>0.84</u> 5.35	Sample Size I 30 I 30 I	Mean <u>8.7</u> 80.9	St.Dev San 0.79 3.32	nple Size 30 30
6.8 Number of leaves above top ear 26.3 Degrees Leaf Angle (Measure from 2nd leaf above ear at anthe	0.81 4.83	30 I 30 I	6.4 22.4	0.77 5.08	3 3
4 Leaf Color (Munsell Code) 7.5GY: 3 Leaf Sheath Pubescence (Rate on scale Marginal Waves (Rate on scale from 1=n Longitudinal Creases (Rate on scale from	from 1=none to 9=like peach fuz one to 9=many)	(Z)	4 (Munsell Con 3 —	de) <u>7.5GY3/4</u>	
S. TASSEL: 0.6 Number of Primary Lateral Branches 39.2 Degrees Branch Angle from Central Spik 56.9 cm tassel Length (from top leaf collar to tassel tip)	St.Dev. 0.89 e 23.97 3.69	Sample Size I	Mean 7 <u>.3</u> <u>14.1</u> <u>55.4</u>	St.Dev. San <u>1.30</u> <u>7.98</u> <u>4.16</u>	nple Siz <u>3</u> <u>1</u> 3
3 Pollen Shed (Rate on scale from 0=male 6 Anther Color (Munsell Code) 10YR86 2 Glume Color (Munsell Code) 7.5GY5 1 Bar Glumes (Glume Bands): 1=Absent, 2	<u>5</u>	 	5/7 (Munsell Co 2/4 (Munsell Co 1/4		
'a. EAR (Unhusked Data): 6 Silk Color (3 days after emergence) (Mul. 2 Fresh Husk Color (25 days after 50% silkin. 1 Dry Husk Color (65 days after 50% silkin. 2 Position of Ear at Dry Husk Stage: 1=Up. 8 Husk Tightness (Rate on scale from 1=v. 2 Husk Extension (at harvest): 1=Short(ea	king) (Munsell Code) 5GY7 rig) (Munsell Code) 2.5Y8 right, 2=Horizontal, 3=Pendent rery loose to 9=very tight rs exposed), 2=Medium (<8cm),	B 1.54 	1 Munsell Coo 2 Munsell Coo 21 Munsell Coo 3 8		
b. EAR (Husked Ear Data) 16.0 cm Ear Length 42.3 mm Ear Diameter at mid-point 136.9 gm Ear Weight 16.1 Number of Kernel Rows 2 Kernel Rows: 1=Indistinct, 2=Distinct 2 Row Alignment: 1=Straight, 2=Slightly Ci	St. Dev. 1.00 1.47 19.27 1.38	Sample Size 30 30 30 30 30 30	13.1 44.6 118.8 17.9	St.Dev. Sam 1.09 3.23 43.50 1.74	nple Siz 3 3 3 3
8.8 cm Shank Length 2 Ear Taper: 1=Slight cyl., 2=Average sligh	<u>1.56</u>	<u>30</u> i	2 <u>2</u> <u>7.4</u> 2	<u>2.11</u>	<u>3</u>
KERNEL (Dried): 11.7 mm Kernel Length 7.8 mm Kernel Width 5.1 mm Kernel Thickness 57.1 % Round Kernels (Shape Grade) 1 Aleurone Color Pattern: 1=Homozygous, 7 Aleurone Color (Munsell Code) 1 Hard Endosperm Color (Munsell Code)	10YR7/14 10YR6/10	Sample Size 30 30 30 30 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11.0 6.5 4.1 10.1 1 (describe) 7 Munsell Coo 7 Munsell Coo	1.61 0.68 0.48 5.29	 .
3 Endosperm Type: 1=Sweet(su1), 2=Extra Amylose Starch, 5=Waxy Starch, 6=High I (se), 9=High Oil, 10=Other	Protein, 7=High Lysine, 8=Super	Sweet I	3 (describe) 20.3	7.63	_
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- .	.		
COB: 22.3 mm Cob Diameter at mid-point 19 Cob Color (Munsell Code)	St.Dev. 1.06 5 <u>Y9</u> 1	Sample Size I 30 I I	Mean <u>27.5</u> <u>11</u> Munsell C	<u>1.41</u> ,	mple Siz
pplication Variety Data	Page 2	.1	Standard Inbred Date	a	

Note: Use chart on first page to choose color codes for color traits

10. DISEASE RESISTANCE (Rate from 1(most susceptible) to 9 (r	most resistant); leave blank	
if not tested; leave Race or Strain Options blank if polygenic):	1	
A. Leaf Blights, Wilts, and Local Infection Diseases	T. T	
_ Anthracnose Leaf Blight (Colletotrichum graminicola)	1	_ Anthracnose Leaf Blight
Common Rust (Puccinia sorghi)		Common Rust
Common Smut (Ustilago maydis)	1	Common Smut
Eyespot (Kabatiella zeae)		Eyespot
Goss's Wilt (Clavibacter michiganense spp. nebraskensis)	i	Goss's Wilt
4 Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora zeae-maydis)	Ĺ	3 Gray Leaf Spot
Helminthosporium Leaf Spot (Bipolaris zeicola)	Race I	Helminthosporium Leaf Spot
Race		
6 Northern Leaf Blight (Exserohilum turcicum)	Race I	4 Northern Leaf Blight
Race	-	_
7 Southern Leaf Blight (Bipolaris maydis)	Race 1	Southern Leaf Blight
Race		
Southern Rust (Puccinia Polysora)	·	Southern Rust
Stewart's Wilt (Erwinia stewartii)	i	Stewart's Wilt
Other (Specify)		_ Other (Specify)
B. Systemic Diseases		
Corn Lethal Necrosis (MCMV and MDMV)	1	Corn Lethal Necrosis
Head Smut (Sphacelotheca reiliana)	i	Head Smut
Maize Chlorotic Dwarf Virus (MCDV)	Ţ	Maize Chlorotic Dwarf Virus
Maize Chlorotic Mottle Virus (MCMV)	i i	Maize Chlorotic Mottle Virus
Maize Dwarf Mosaic Virus (MDMV) Strain	i	Maize Dwarf Mosaic Virus
Strain		
Sorghum Downy Mildew of Corn (Peronosclerospora sorgh	ni) I	Sorghum Downy Mildew of Corn
Other (Specify)	i i	Other (Specify)
C. Stalk Rots		
5 Anthracnose Stalk Rot (Colletotrichum graminicola)	1	4 Anthracnose Stalk Rot
Diplodia Stalk Rot (Stenocarpella maydis)	1	Diplodia Stalk Rot
5 Fusarium Stalk Rot (Fusarium moniliforme)	1	5 Fusarium Stalk Rot
Gibberella Stalk Rot (Gibberella zeae)	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Gibberella Stalk Rot
Other (Specify)	1	Other (Specify)
D. Ear and Kernel Rots		_ ` ` '/
Aspergillus Ear and Kernel Rot (Aspergillus flavus)		_ Aspergillus Ear & Kernel Rot
_ Diplodia Ear Rot (Stenocarpella maydis)	i i	_ Diplodia Ear Rot
_ Fusarim Ear and Kernel Rot (Fusarium moniliforme)	i	Fusarium Ear & Kernel Rot
₹ 3 Gibberella Ear Rot (Gibberella zeae)	i	Gibberella Ear Rot
Other (Specify)	i	Other (Specify)
A-F//		
Application Variety Data	Page 3	Standard Inbred Data

Note: Use chart on first page to choose color codes for color traits.

11. INSECT RESISTANCE (Rate from 1(most susceptible) to 9 (most if not tested	· ·
	resistant): Leave blank
	Dev. Sample Size I St. Dev. Sample
Size	ot. per. outspic
_ Banks Grass Mite (Oligonychus pratensis) Corn Earworm (Helicoverpa zea)	J Banks Grass Mite I Corn Earworm
_ Leaf Feeding	I Leaf Feeding
Silk Feedingmg larval wt.	Loan rooting
Ear Damage	I Ear Damage
Corn Leaf Aphid (Rhopalosiphum maidis)	I _ Corn Leaf Aphid
Corn Sap Beetle (Carpophilus dimidiatus)	Corn Sap Beetle
European Corn Borer (Ostrinia nubilalis)	l European Corn Borer
1 st Generation (Typically Whorl Leaf Feeding)	1 st Generation
_ 2 nd Generarion (Typically Leaf Sheath-Collar Feeding)	l 2 nd Generation
Stalk Tunneling:cm tunneled/plant	<u>_</u>
Fall Armyworm (Spodoptera frugiperda)	I Fall Armyworm
_ Leaf-Feeding	Leaf-Feeding
Silk-Feeding mg larval wt.	<u> </u>
_ Maize Weevil (Sitophilus zeamais)	I Maize Weevil
_ Northern Rootworm (Diabrotica barberi)	l Northern Rootworm
_ Southern Rootworm (Diabrotica undecimpunctata)	Southern Rootworm
Southwestern Corn Borer (Diatraea grandiosella)	I Southwestern Corn Borer
Leaf Feeding	I _ Leaf Feeding
Stalk Tunneling:cm tunneled/plant	
Two-spotted Spider Mite (Tetranychus urticae)	Two-spotted Spider Mite
Western Rootworm (Diabrotica virgifera virgifera)	l Western Rootworm
Other (Specify)	Other (Specify)
12. AGRONOMIC TRAITS: 5 Stay Green (at 65 days after anthesis) (Rate on scale from 1= % Dropped Ears (at 65 days after anthesis) 7 Pre-anthesis Brittle Snapping 9 Pre-anthesis Root Lodging 9 Post-anthesis Root Lodging (at 65 days after anthesis) 5.431.0 Kg/ha Yield of Inbred Per Se (at 12-13% grain moisture)	I % Dropped ears I % Pre-anthesis Brittle Snapping I 8 % Pre-anthesis Root Lodging I Post-anthesis Root Lodging
13. MOLECULAR MARKERS: (0=data unavailable; 1=data available bu	ut not supplied; 2=data supplied.)
_ INFLES _ INFLES	RAPD's _ Other (Specify)
DEFENDED	
REFERENCES:	
Butler, D.R. 1954. A System for the Classification of Corn Inbred Lines. Emerson, R.A., G.W. Beadle, and A.C. Fraser, 1935. A summary of Lin Farr, D.F., G.F. Bills, G.P. Chamuris, A.Y. Rossman. 1989. Fungi on Pla Society, St. Paul, MN.	nkage Studies in Maize. Cornell A.E.S., Mem. 180.
Inglett, G.E. (Ed) 1970. Corn: Culture, Processing, Products. Avi Publish Jugenheimer, R.W. 1976. Corn: Improvement, Seed Production, and Us	ses. John Wiley & Sons, New York.
McGee, D.C. 1988. Maize Diseases. APS Press, St. Paul, MN. 150 pp.	
Munsell Color Chart for Plant Tissues, Macbeth. P.O. Box 230. Newburg The Mutants of Maize. 1968. Crop Science Society of America. Madisor	n, WI.
Munsell Color Chart for Plant Tissues. Macbeth. P.O. Box 230. Newburg	n, WI. Paul, MN. 105 pp.

COMMENTS (e.g. state how heat units were calculated, standard inbred seed source, and/or where data was collected. Continue in Exhibit D)
Insect, disease, brittle snapping and root lodging data are collected mainly from environment where variability for the trait
can be obtained within the experiment.

CLARIFICATION OF DATA IN EXHIBITS B AND C

Please note the data presented in Exhibit B and C, "Objective Description of Variety," are collected primarily at Johnston and Dallas Center, Iowa. The data in Table 1 are from two sample t-tests using data collected in Johnston and Dallas Center, IA. These traits in Exhibit B collectively show distinct differences between the two varieties.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE EXHIBIT E STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP	Application is required in order to determing certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421), confidential until the certificate is issued (7	The information is held
1.NAME OF APPLICANT(S) PIONEER HI-BRED INTERNATIONAL, INC.	2.TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER	3. VARIETY NAME PHCA5
4 .ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country)	5.TELEPHONE (include area code)	6. FAX (include area code)
7301 NW 62 nd AVENUE	515-270-4051	515-253-2125
P.O.BOX 85 JOHNSTON, IA 50131-0085	7. PVPO NUMBER	200500224
10. Is the applicant the original owner? ☑ YES □ NO If no, please a	answer <u>one</u> of the following:	S 🗆 NO
	answer <u>one</u> of the following:	S 🗆 NO
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the o	answer <u>one</u> of the following: original owner(s) a U.S. National(s)?	
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the c ☐ YES ☐ NO If no, give name of country	answer <u>one</u> of the following: original owner(s) a U.S. National(s)?	
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the call YES NO If no, please at a lift the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the call YES NO If no, give name of country b. If the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the YES NO If no, give name of country 1. Additional explanation on ownership (Trace ownership from original breeder to Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. (PHI), Des Moines, Iowa, and/or its whole	answer one of the following: original owner(s) a U.S. National(s)? ne original owner(s) a U.S. based company? o current owner. Use the reverse for extra so	pace if needed): oration (POC), Des Moines, Iowa,
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the of YES ☐ NO If no, please at a lift the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the YES ☐ NO If no, give name of country 1. Additional explanation on ownership (Trace ownership from original breeder to YES).	answer one of the following: original owner(s) a U.S. National(s)? ne original owner(s) a U.S. based company? o current owner. Use the reverse for extra soly owned subsidiary Pioneer Overseas Corpinent of PHCA5. Pioneer Hi-Bred Internation contracts that assign all rights in the variet	space if needed): oration (POC), Des Moines, Iowa, nal and/or Pioneer Overseas
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the ownership NO If no, give name of country 1. Additional explanation on ownership (Trace ownership from original breeder to Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. (PHI), Des Moines, Iowa, and/or its whole is the employer of the plant breeders involved in the selection and developm Corporation has the sole rights and ownership of PHCA5 pursuant to written	answer one of the following: original owner(s) a U.S. National(s)? ne original owner(s) a U.S. based company? o current owner. Use the reverse for extra soly owned subsidiary Pioneer Overseas Corpinent of PHCA5. Pioneer Hi-Bred Internation contracts that assign all rights in the variet	space if needed): oration (POC), Des Moines, Iowa, nal and/or Pioneer Overseas
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the original rights of the ownership of the ownership from original breeder to the plant breeders involved in the selection and developm Corporation has the sole rights and ownership of PHCA5 pursuant to written	answer one of the following: original owner(s) a U.S. National(s)? ne original owner(s) a U.S. based company? o current owner. Use the reverse for extra soly owned subsidiary Pioneer Overseas Corpinent of PHCA5. Pioneer Hi-Bred Internation contracts that assign all rights in the variet	space if needed): oration (POC), Des Moines, Iowa, nal and/or Pioneer Overseas

- If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which employed the original breeder(s), the company must be U.S. based, owned by nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the same genus and species.
- If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the original owner and the applicant must meet one of the above criteria.

The original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who directed the final breeding. See Section 41(a)(2) of the Plant Variety Protection Act for definitions.

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